

State of the ART: Improving Fertility Treatment through Research and Technological Innovation



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Fertility management in 2019



The demand for fertility treatment is on the rise

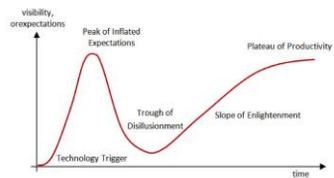


Research focused on improving outcome



Research focused on improving outcome

The Gartner Hype Curve

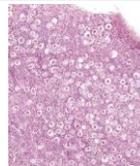


From hype to actual clinical value

- AMH: setting things straight
- Oocyte freezing: keeping it real
- State of the ART: technological innovations that improve safety and efficacy for patients



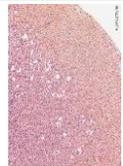
AMH & Ovarian reserve in humans



Infant



Reproductive age

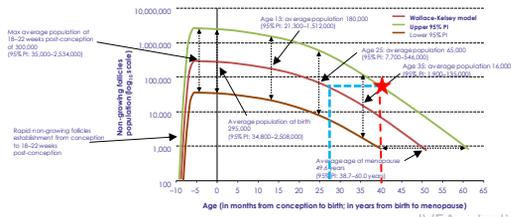


Menopause

Dramatic loss of primordial follicles with advancing age

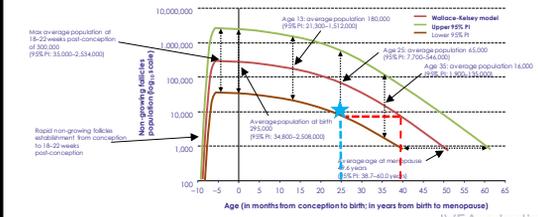


AMH & Ovarian reserve in humans



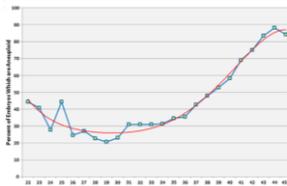
PI, prediction interval
Figure reproduced from Wallace WH, Kelsey TW. *PLoS One* 2010;5:e8772

AMH & Ovarian reserve in humans



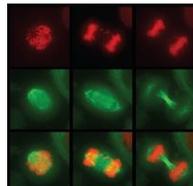
PI, prediction interval
Figure reproduced from Wallace WH, Kelsey TW. *PLoS One* 2010;5:e8772

What about egg quality?



Aneuploidy increases with female age

Franasiak et al., FAS, 2014



Stefano Santiaguda and Angelika Amon, MIT

Can we assess the ovarian reserve?



The era of AMH

AMH: a blessing or a curse?



AMH: a blessing or a curse?



Nicole (late 20s)

Nicole thought it would be useful to do the test. She hoped it would buy her some time, or put the subject off the agenda once and for all. So off she went to the GP to ask for one.

<https://www.abc.net.au/news/science/2018-11-04/egg-timer-fertility-test-your-stories/1042804>

AMH: a blessing or a curse?



Nicole (late 20s)

Her results were very low.

The doctor told her she would have difficulty conceiving and immediately referred her to an IVF clinic.

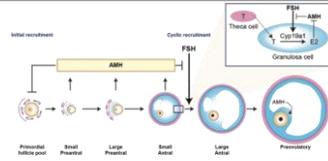
"I remember leaving the GP — it was my lunch break at work — and I couldn't go back to work," Nicole says.

"I remember just wandering around the shops aimlessly, thinking 'what does this mean for my relationship?'"



<https://www.abc.net.au/news/science/2018-11-04/egg-timer-fertility-test-your-stories/10428004>

What is AMH?



Dimeric glycoprotein
Member of the TGF- β superfamily

AMH, anti-Müllerian hormone; Cyp19a1, cytochrome P450 family 19 subfamily A member 1; E2, estradiol; FSH, follicle-stimulating hormone

Figure reproduced from Dewbury D, et al. Hum Reprod Update. 2014;370-85.



How is AMH measured?

Comparator assay	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 5 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 6 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 7 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 8 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 9 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 10 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 11 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 12 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 13 (ELISA)	Beckman-Coulter AMH-GES 14 (ELISA)
Assay type	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA	ELISA
Assay volume	10 μ l	10 μ l	10 μ l	10 μ l	10 μ l					
Assay range	0.001-100 ng/ml	0.001-100 ng/ml	0.001-100 ng/ml	0.001-100 ng/ml	0.001-100 ng/ml					
Assay sensitivity	0.001 ng/ml	0.001 ng/ml	0.001 ng/ml	0.001 ng/ml	0.001 ng/ml					
Assay specificity	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%	>99%
Assay accuracy	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Assay precision	CV < 10%	CV < 10%	CV < 10%	CV < 10%	CV < 10%					
Assay stability	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Assay shelf life	12 months	12 months	12 months	12 months	12 months					
Assay storage	2-8 $^{\circ}$ C	2-8 $^{\circ}$ C	2-8 $^{\circ}$ C	2-8 $^{\circ}$ C	2-8 $^{\circ}$ C					
Assay lot-to-lot variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-assay variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay intra-assay variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-laboratory variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-site variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-operator variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-instrument variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-method variability	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%
Assay inter-laboratory inter-site inter-operator inter-instrument inter-method	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%	< 10%

Results are not directly comparable and have to be interpreted in an assay specific manner



AMH, anti-Müllerian hormone; ELISA, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay

Table reproduced from Iliopoulou S, et al. Hum Reprod Update. 2015;21:698-710

Issues with AMH measurement?

Inter-individual factors



- Age
- Ovarian surgery/ Endometriosis/ Prior gonadotoxic chemotherapy
- Ethnicity (Chinese, Black African, Hispanic and South Asian < Caucasian)
- Smoking
- Pregnancy, GnRH analogues, combined hormonal contraceptives
- Chronic disease/ malignancies

Intra-individual factors



- Minimal cyclic variation during the menstrual cycle (late follicular phase)
- Low variability between menstrual cycles

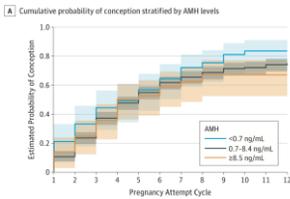
AMH, anti-Müllerian hormone; GnRH, gonadotropin-releasing hormone

Dewbury D, et al. Hum Reprod Update. 2014;370-85; Iliopoulou S, et al. Hum Reprod Update. 2015;21:698-710; McCredie S, et al. Reprod Biomed Online. 2017;34:522-533



What AMH does not reveal?

AMH does not reveal anything about oocyte quality



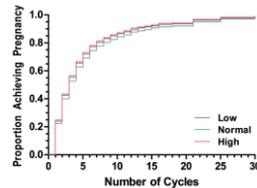
Prospective study
N=981; 30-44yo
Actively attempting to conceive
Adjustment for age

No association between AMH levels and time to conception



Steiner et al., 2017, JAMA

What AMH does not reveal?



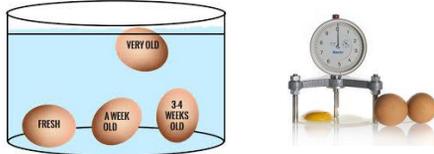
Prospective study
N=1202; 18-40yo with 1-2 pregnancy losses
Actively attempting to conceive
F/U: up to 30 menstrual cycles

No association between AMH levels and fecundability



Zarek et al., 2015, JGIM

Is there a measure of oocyte quality?



There is no reliable way to measure oocyte quality without performing ART

What AMH **does** reveal?

- Low or high ovarian reserve
- Indicative of time to menopause
- Response to ovarian stimulation

**Rarely might be indicative of Granulosa Cell Tumor*

Patient with low AMH: What to do?



- Ensure not on the OCP or other forms of HC
- Low but how low? Always adjust for age
- <5th centile: consider genetic testing (karyotype/ Fragile X syndrome)
- Advise to complete family ASAP
- Consider referring to Fertility Specialist

AMH: a blessing or a curse?



Nicole (late 20s)

"After a whole lot of tests that all "came out fine", the fertility specialist suggested the couple should try to conceive naturally."

After two months of trying, Nicole got pregnant and has since given birth twice, which she says seems to be "the exact opposite of what the [AMH] test indicated".

<https://www.abc.net.au/news/science/2018-11-04/egg-timer-fertility-test-your-dates/10428004>

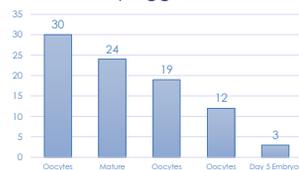
Oocyte freezing: keeping it real



Is social egg freezing the future?

Oocyte freezing: keeping it real

How many eggs do I need?



Depending on age a day 5 embryo could have a 5-40% implantation rate

Hence 3x Day 5 embryos for a 34 year old (30% IR) translate to ~60% CLBR

Oocyte freezing: Main messages



There is no guarantee that a live birth will occur



Oocyte freezing is far more successful in younger women (usually ≤ 36 years old)



The more eggs the better

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IVF in 2020: modern ovarian stimulation

More attention to endometrial receptivity



Bosdou, Venetis et al., 2019, Hum Reprod
Venetis et al., 2019, Hum Reprod Update



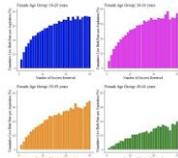
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IVF in 2020: modern ovarian stimulation

More oocytes lead to:



More genetically normal embryos



Higher chance of having a baby

Venetis et al., 2018, Hum Reprod

Law, Venetis et al., 2019, under Review

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IVF in 2020: technological innovation



- Optimising culture environment
- Selecting the best embryo
- Shortening time-to-pregnancy

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Time-lapse in the IVF laboratory

Photographs taken every 5-20 mins

Uninterrupted culture

More information regarding embryo growth and development

Stable culture environment



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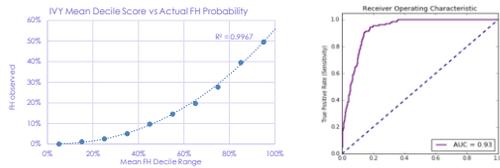
The future: selecting the best embryo



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IVY: selecting the best embryo

Artificial Neural Network predicting clinical pregnancy



Travis et al., 2018, ASRM

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Main Messages

- Research and technological innovation should focus on improving patient outcomes
- It usually takes time to fully ascertain the true clinical value of new technologies and optimize their use

Main Messages

- Ovarian reserve assessment using AMH is useful but it should be performed & interpreted appropriately
- Low AMH does not mean low fertility
- However, it can indicate that time is running out

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Main Messages

- Social oocyte freezing is a modern tool that can help some women achieve their life goals
- Younger women have much higher success rates but are also less likely to use their cryopreserved eggs
- Women should be consulted about the realistic chances of success with oocyte freezing

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Main Messages

- Modern ovarian stimulation protocols increase efficacy of each stimulated cycle and are much safer
- Technological advancements in the lab have been significant in the last few years
- Time-lapse technology with the power of AI is a promising tool that could improve embryo culture, optimize embryo selection and shorten time-to-pregnancy for patients

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Thank you

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